

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL



- (V) Preliminary Specification
() Final Specification

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Title	10.4" VGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LB104V03
Suffix	A1

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	
/	
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

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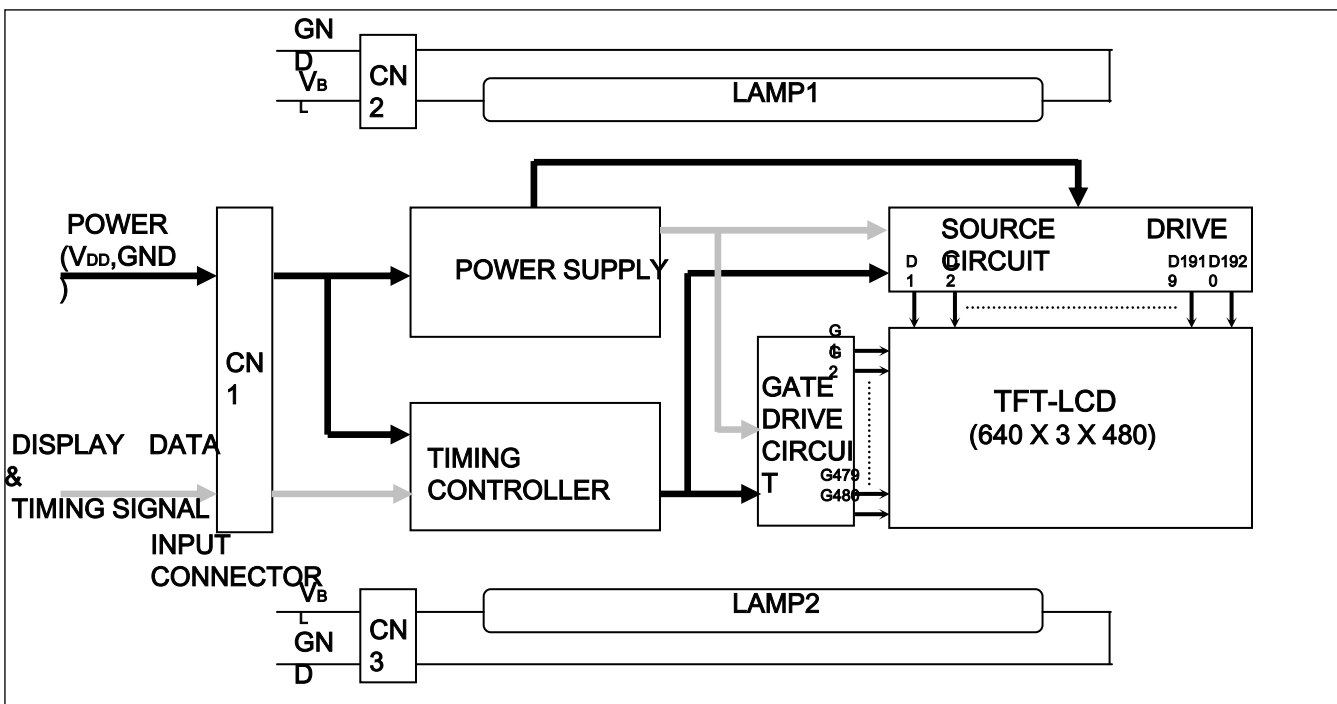
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1. General Description

The LB104V03-A1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 10.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with VGA resolution(480 vertical by 640 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LB104V03-A1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LB104V03-A1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LB104V03-A1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	10.4 inches(26.42cm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	236(H) × 180(V) × 10(D) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.33 mm × 0.33 mm
Pixel Format	640 horiz. By 480 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	400 cd/m ² (Typ.) Lamp Ass'y replaceable
Power Consumption	TBD Watt(Typ.)
Weight	500 g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

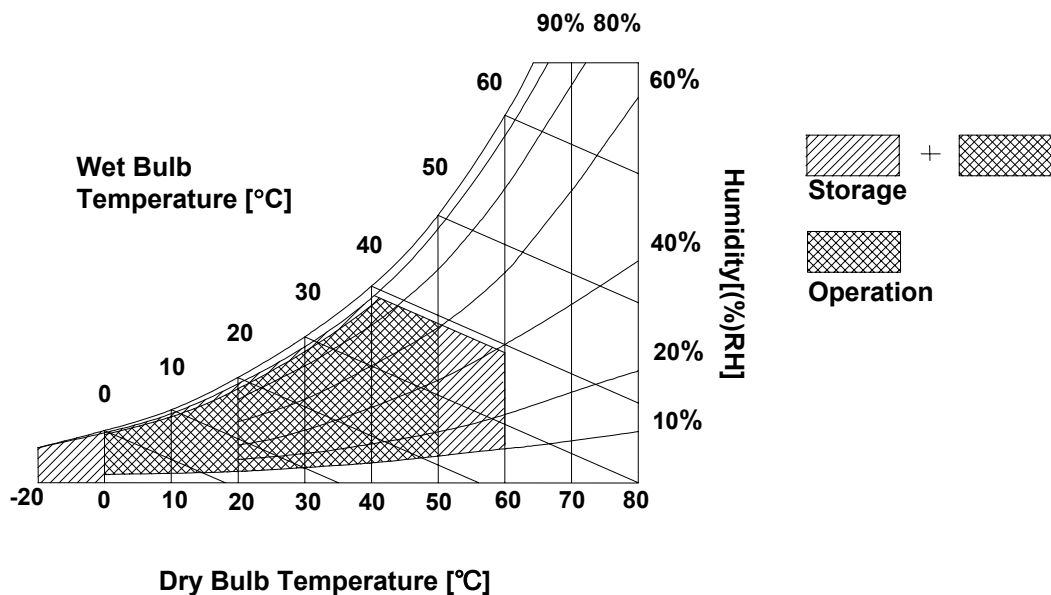
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	1

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LB104V03-A1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	I _{CC}	-	TBD	TBD	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	TBD	TBD	Watt	1
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V _{BL}		485	625	V _{RMS}	2
Operating Current	I _{BL}	2.0	6.0	7.0	mA _{RMS}	3
Established Starting Voltage	Vs					4
at 25 °C		-	-	750	V _{RMS}	
at 0 °C		-	-	940	V _{RMS}	
Operating Frequency	f _{BL}	40	55	80	kHz	5
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	6
Power Consumption	P _{BL}	-	5.8	6.4	Watt	7
Life Time		40,000	-	-	Hrs	8

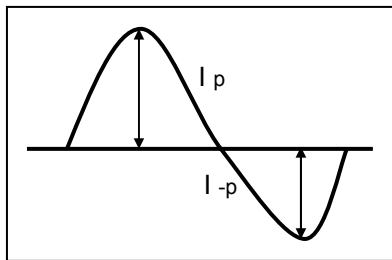
Note)

The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

1. VCC=3.3V, 25°C, f_v (frame frequency) = 60Hz condition, whereas Mosaic pattern(Typ),full black pattern(Max) is displayed.
2. The variance of the voltage is ± 10%.
3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
4. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.

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5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
 6. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
 T_s is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter.
The used lamp current is the lamp typical current. (2 Lamp)
 8. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.
- * Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
- * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_p - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

$$I_p \text{ (or } I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

- * Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

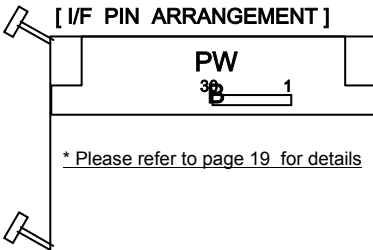
3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs Three interface connections, a 41 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model KN10G-30S-1H manufactured by Hirose or equivalent.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Product Specification

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	 [I/F PIN ARRANGEMENT] PW 30 1 <i>* Please refer to page 19 for details</i> Rear View
2	VCC	Power (3.3V)	
3	VCC	Power (3.3V)	
4	GND	Ground	
5	DCLK	Data Clock	
6	DTMG	Data Enable	
7	VSYN	Vertical sync	
8	HSYN	Horizontal sync	
9	GND	Ground	
10	R0	Red Data	
11	R1	Red Data	Red data least significant bit (LSB)
12	R2	Red Data	
13	R3	Red Data	Red data most significant bit (MSB)
14	R4	Red Data	
15	R5	Red Data	
16	GND	Ground	
17	G0	Green Data	Green data least significant bit (LSB)
18	G1	Green Data	
19	G2	Green Data	Green data most significant bit (MSB)
20	G3	Green Data	
21	G4	Green Data	
22	G5	Green Data	
23	GND	Ground	Blue data least significant bit (LSB)
24	B0	Blue Data	
25	B1	Blue Data	Blue data most significant bit (MSB)
26	B2	Blue Data	
27	B3	Blue Data	
28	B4	Blue Data	
29	B5	Blue Data	Blue data most significant bit (MSB)
30	GND	Ground	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

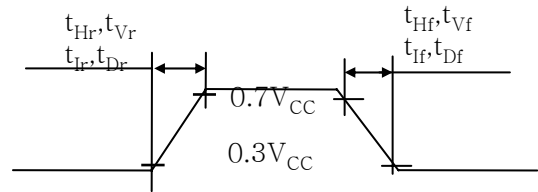
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	High Voltage (Pink color)	-
2	LV	Low Voltage (white color)	-

Product Specification
3-3. Signal Timing Specifications
Table 5. TIMING TABLE

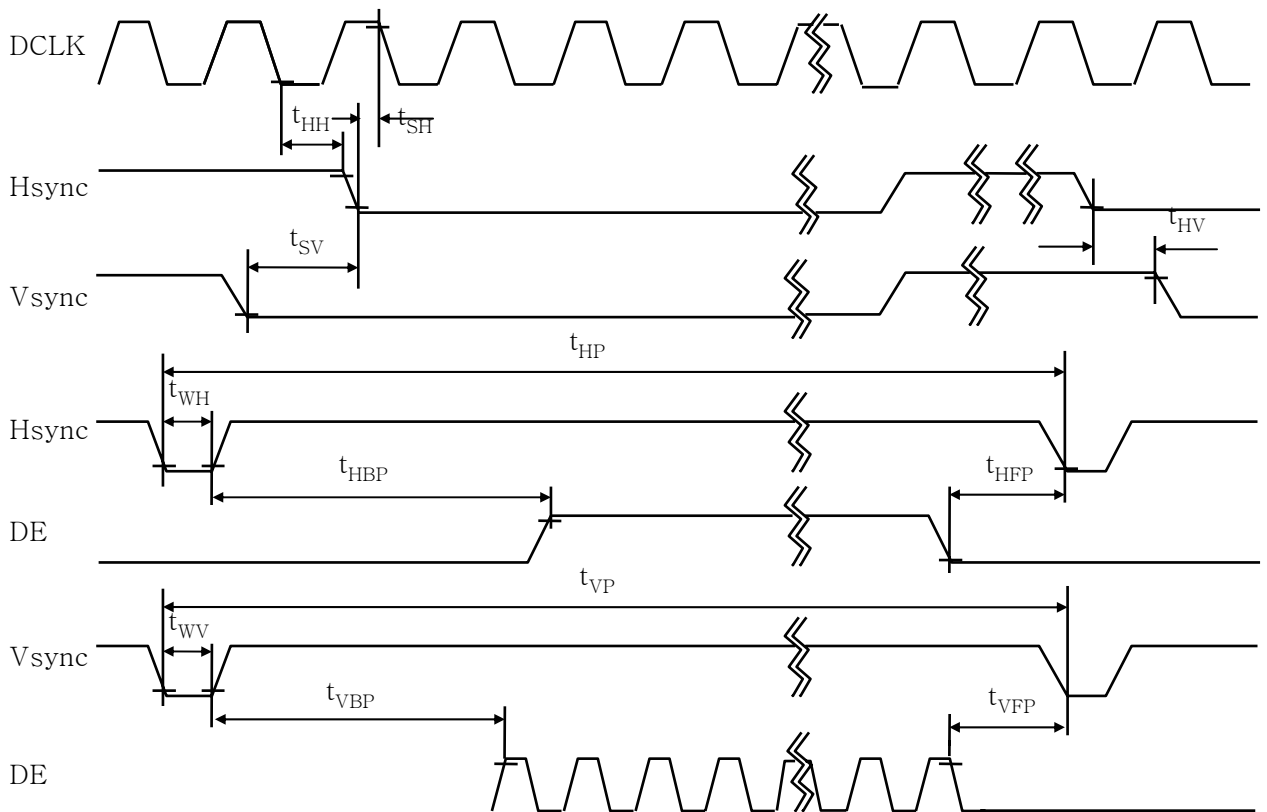
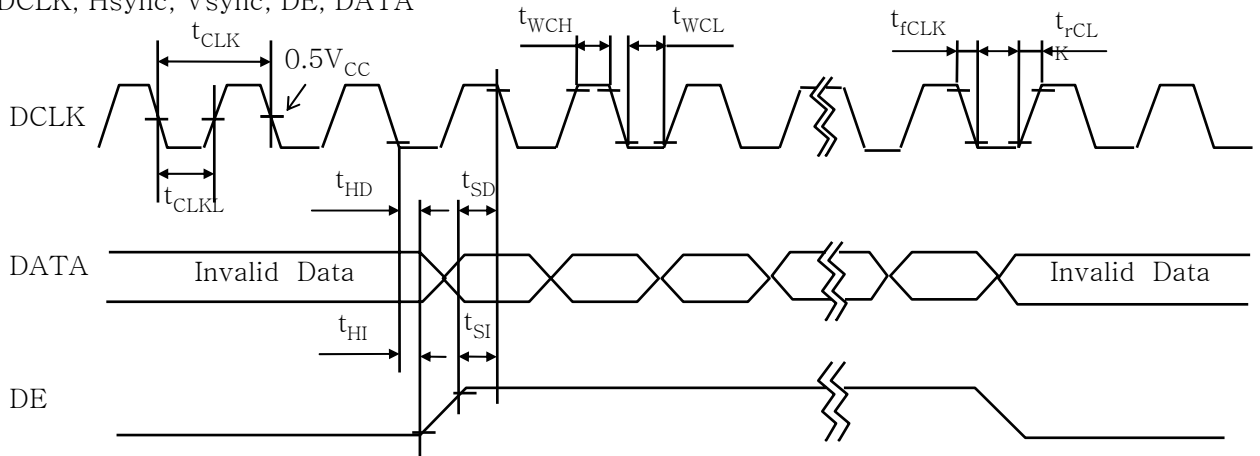
ITEM		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
DCLK	Frequency	f_{CLK}	21	25.1	28	MHz	
	Width_Low	t_{WCL}	8	-	-	ns	
	Width_High	t_{WCH}	5	-	-		
	Rise Time	t_{rCLK}	-	-	25		
	Fall Time	t_{fCLK}	-	-	25		
Hsync	Setup Time	t_{SH}	3	-	-	ns	For Dclk
	Hold Time	t_{HH}	8	-	-		
	Period	t_{HP}	770	800	900	t_{CLK}	
	Width_Active	t_{WH}	12	-	120		
	Rise/Fall Time	t_{Hr}, t_{Hf}	-	-	30	ns	
Vsync	Setup Time	t_{SV}	0	-	-	ns	For Hsync
	Hold Time	t_{HV}	2	-	-		
	Period	t_{VP}	515	525	560	t_{Hp}	
	Width_Active	t_{WV}	2	-	24		
	Rise/Fall Time	t_{Vr}, t_{Vf}	-	-	50	ns	
DE	Setup Time	t_{SI}	6	-	-	ns	For Dclk
	Hold Time	t_{HI}	1	-	-		
	Rise/Fall Time	t_{Ir}, t_{If}	-	-	30	ns	
	Horizontal Back Porch	t_{HBP}	12	-	-	t_{CLK}	
	Horizontal Front Porch	t_{HFP}	12	-	-		
	Vertical Back Porch	t_{VBP}	5	-	-	t_{Hp}	
	Vertical Front Porch	t_{VFP}	1	-	-		
DATA	Setup Time	t_{SD}	6	-	-	ns	For Dclk
	Hold Time	t_{HD}	3	-	-		
	Rise/Fall Time	t_{Dr}, t_{Df}	-	-	25	ns	

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3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



DCLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA



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3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																	
		RED						GREEN						BLUE					
		MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB		
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...																		
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...																		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	...																		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

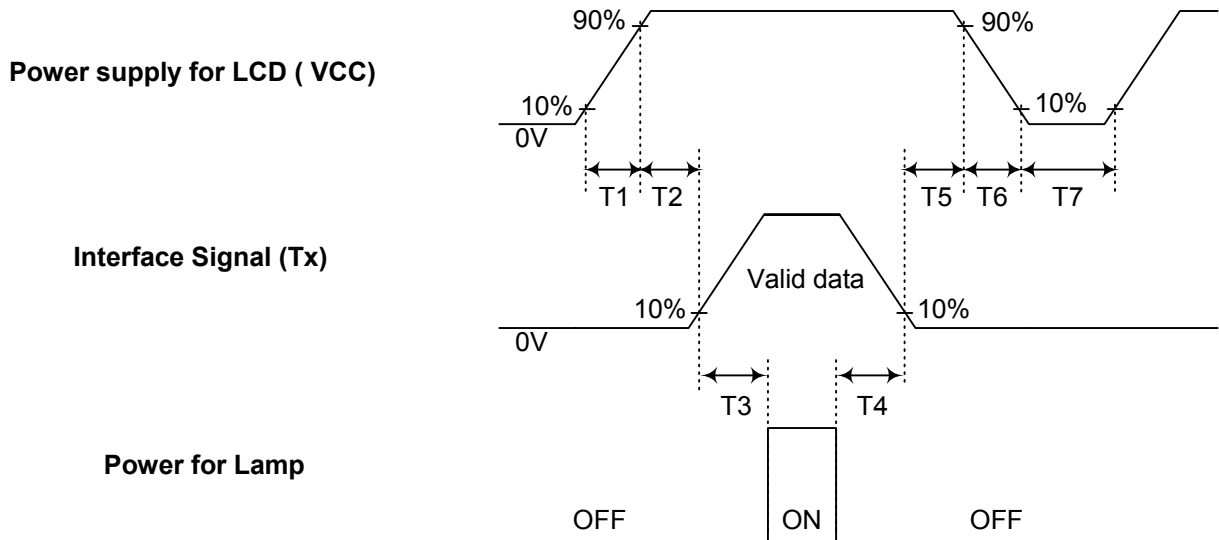


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter	Value			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	-	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

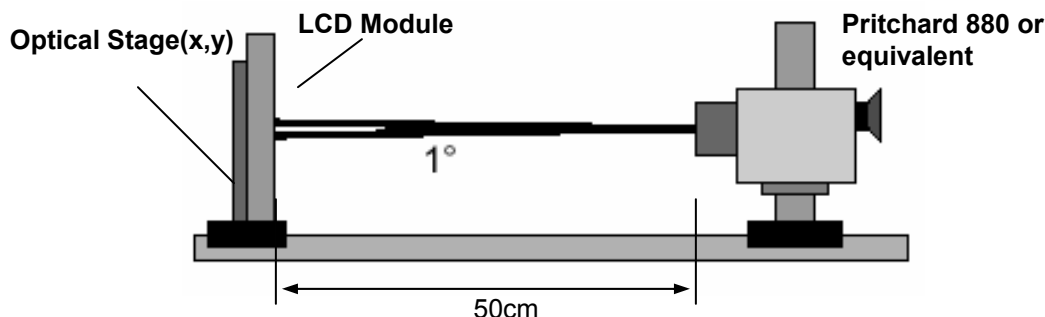


Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=3.3\text{V}$, $f_v=60\text{Hz}$, $D_{clk}=38.5\text{MHz}$, $V_{IN}=3.3\text{V}$, $I_L=6.0\text{mA}$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
		Min	Typ	MAx		
Contrast Ratio	CR	-	300	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L_{WH}	-	400	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}	-	1.25	1.45		3
Response Time						4
Rise Time	T_{rR}	-	10		ms	
Decay Time	T_{rD}	-	15		ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
RY	RY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
GREEN	GX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
GY	GY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
BLUE	BX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
BY	BY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
WHITE	WX	0.297	0.317	0.337		
WY	WY	0.311	0.331	0.351		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right($\Phi=0^\circ$)	Θ_r	55	60	-	degree	
x axis, left ($\Phi=180^\circ$)	Θ_l	55	60	-	degree	
y axis, up ($\Phi=90^\circ$)	Θ_u	35	40	-	degree	
y axis, down ($\Phi=270^\circ$)	Θ_d	45	50	-	degree	

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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

3. The variation in surface luminance , The Panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_N at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum L_N of 5 points luminance by minimum L_N of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5) / \text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

6. Gray scale specification

* $f_v=60\text{Hz}$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	TBD
L7	TBD
L15	TBD
L23	TBD
L31	TBD
L39	TBD
L47	TBD
L55	TBD
L63	TBD

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FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

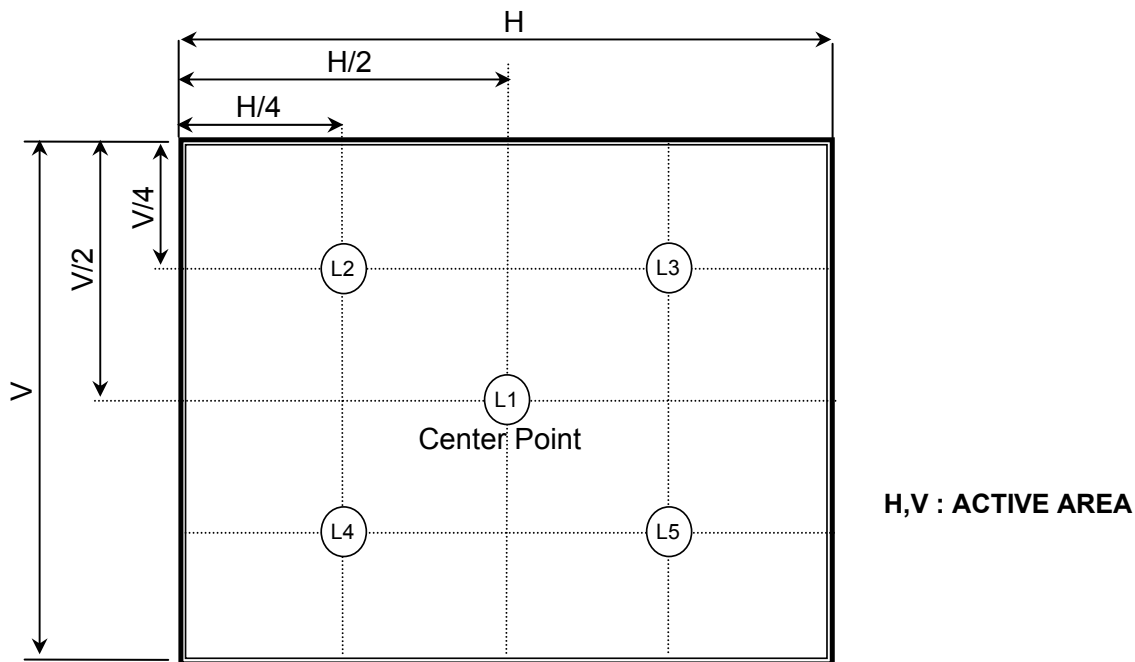
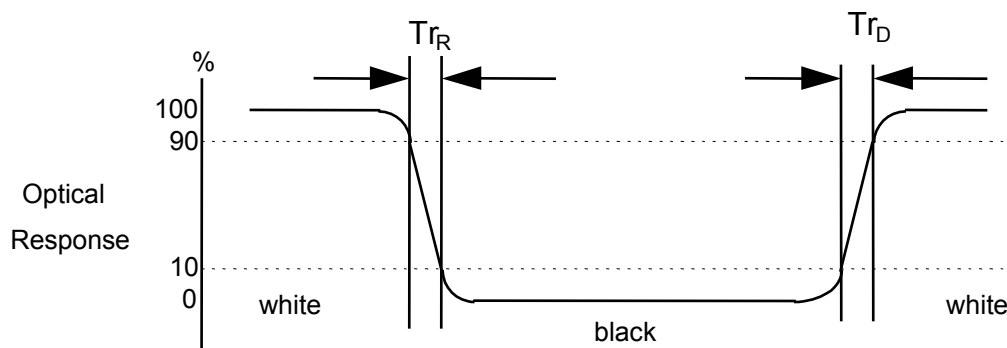


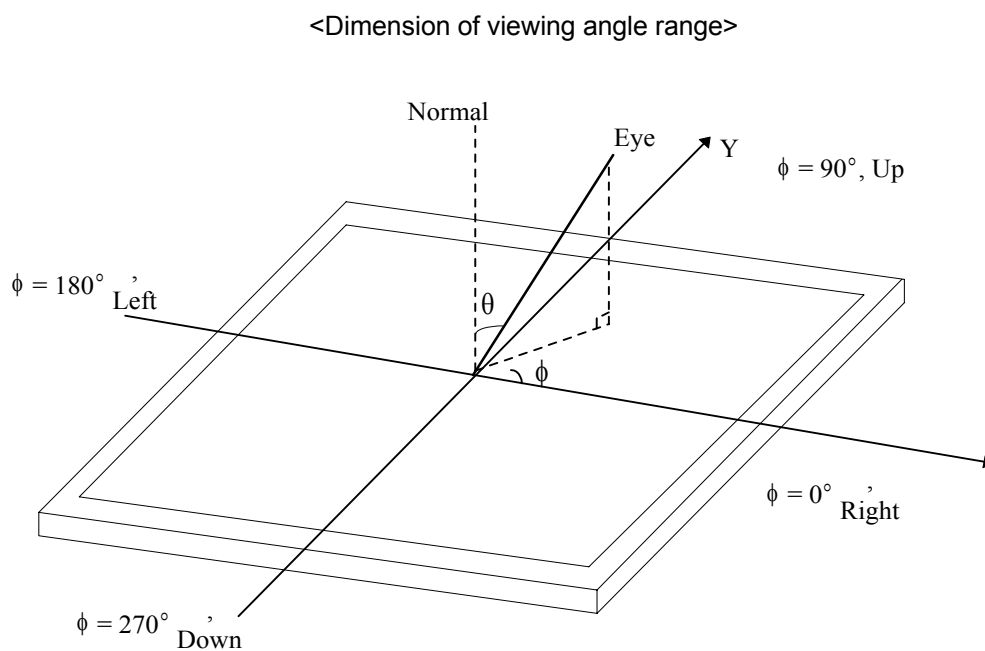
FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



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FIG. 4 Viewing angle



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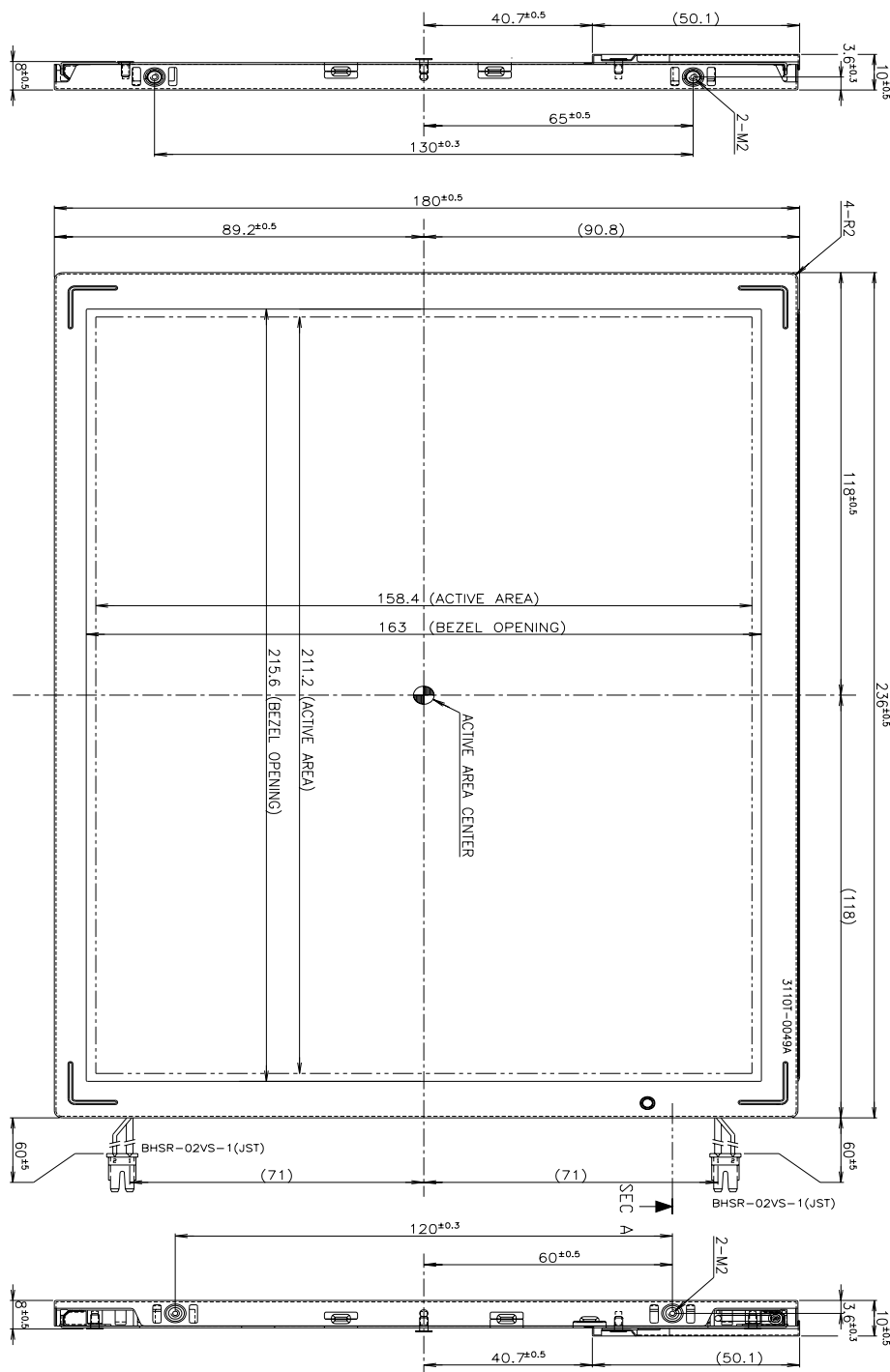
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LB104V03-A1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	236.0 ± 0.5mm
	Vertical	180.0 ± 0.5mm
	Depth	Max. 10.5mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	215.6 ± 0.5mm
	Vertical	163 ± 0.5mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	211.2mm
	Vertical	158.4 mm
Weight	500 (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

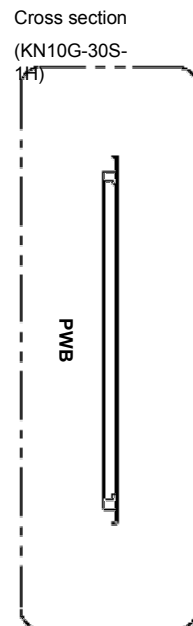
<FRONT VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$



<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$



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6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine 1.0Grms 3axis(X,Y,Z), 1hrs/axis *TBD*
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 100G, 6ms one shock of each six faces *TBD*
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr *TBD*

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997
IEC 950 : 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1996
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998

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8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : Inch

D : Year

E : Month

F : Panel Code

G : Factory Code

H : Assembly Code

I,J,K,L,M : Serial No

Note

1. Year

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

3. Panel Code

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	H

4. Factory Code

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing
Mark	K	C

5. Serial No

Serial No.	1 ~ 99,999	100,000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, - - - - , Z9999

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
 This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 10 pcs

b) Box Size : TBDmm × TBDmm × TBDmm

Product Specification

9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

Product Specification

9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



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